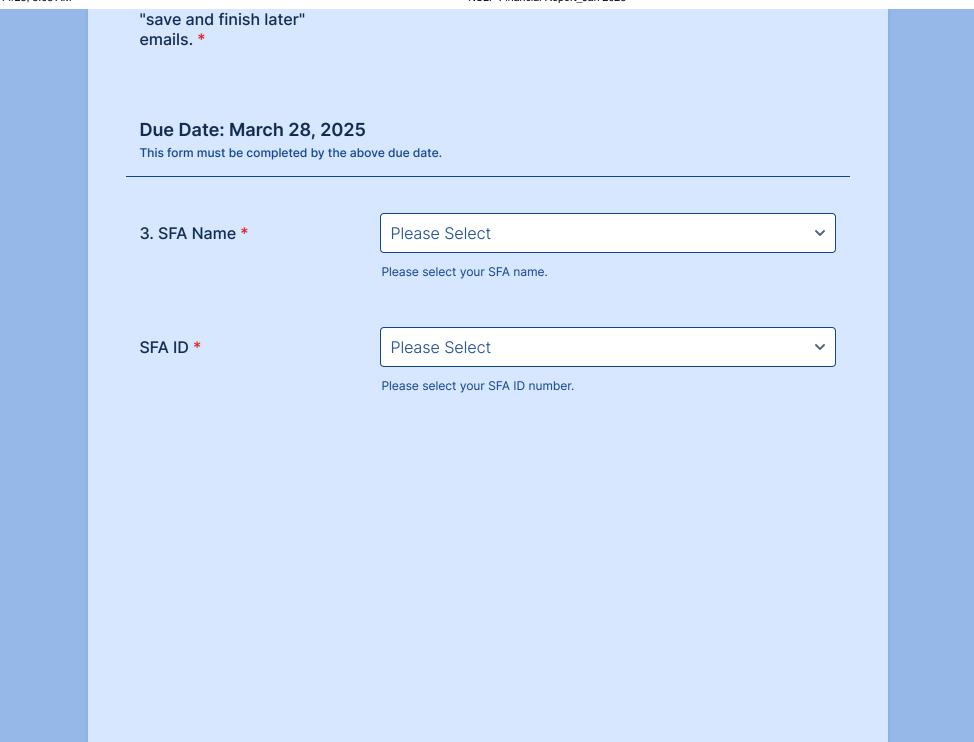
Texas Department of Agriculture Forms | NSLP | Financial Report January 2025

All School Food Authorities (SFAs) must ensure that the reported data accurately reflects the SFAs financial operations for the 2023-2024 fiscal period reported.

The National School Lunch Program (NSLP) Financial Report is used to assess the financial management of the non-profit school food service account. This includes Seamless Summer Option (SSO), School Breakfast Program (SBP), Special Milk Program (SMP) and At-Risk Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) funds. Funds identified as non-profit school food service accounts are typically the 240, 701 or 101 funds. Special Revenue Fund, 242, will also need to be accounted for in this report if funds were transferred into the 240, 701 or 101 funds.

SFAs under the administration of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) must utilize their General Ledger and/or the Annual Financial & Compliance Report (AFR) submitted to TEA to complete the NSLP Financial Report for 2023-2024. Residential Child Care Institutions (RCCI) and private schools must use their Statement of Net Assets or Statement of Net Position (Balance Sheet) and Income Sheet with Revenue and Expenditures to obtain their financial information. RCCI or private schools may have areas that are not applicable. For areas that are required but not applicable, enter zero.

	•	ms Administrative Reference Manual	
•	tps://squaremeals.org/Pr	ograms/National-School-Lunch-	
Red asterisks * indicate that que			
For all entries, do not use comm Decimals are not considered a s		(-) numbers, or any special characters.	
			- 1
and finish later, click on the SAV	'E button at the bottom of	sions. At any point, if you want to save the page. You will receive an email wi	th
a link to use to complete the fo	rm. Please use the edit iii	ik to make any changes.	
4.51			
1. Please enter the name of			
the person completing the	First Name	Last Name	
	First Name	Last Name	
the person completing the	First Name	Last Name	



4. Select the Regional Education Service Center	\bigcirc	ESC 1 - Edinburg	\bigcirc	ESC 2 - Corpus Christi	\bigcirc	ESC 3 - Victoria
(ESC) for the SFAs location: *	\bigcirc	ESC 4 - Houston	\bigcirc	ESC 5 - Beaumont	\bigcirc	ESC 6 - Huntsville
	\bigcirc	ESC 7 - Kilgore	\bigcirc	ESC 8 - Mt. Pleasant	\bigcirc	ESC 9 - Wichita Falls
	\bigcirc	ESC 10 - Richardson	\bigcirc	ESC 11 - Fort Worth	\bigcirc	ESC 12 - Waco
	\bigcirc	ESC 13 - Austin	\bigcirc	ESC 14 - Abilene	\bigcirc	ESC 15 - San Angelo
	\bigcirc	ESC 16 - Amarillo	\bigcirc	ESC 17 - Lubbock	\bigcirc	ESC 18 - Midland
	\bigcirc	ESC 19 - El Paso	\bigcirc	ESC 20 - San		

Key Definition

Fiscal Year--Twelve-month period that an organization uses for budgeting, forecasting and reporting financial information. SFAs under the administration of the Texas Education Agency (TEA) may use one of two fiscal year periods of July 1 to June 30 or September 1 to August 31.

5. Select the SFAs Fiscal Year (Per Texas Education Code 44.0011). School districts and charter schools fiscal year will start July 1 or September 1. RCCIs and private schools may have a different fiscal year. This must be 12 month period. *

July 1 to June 30	
September 1 to August 3	31
January 1 to December 3	31
Other	
6. Select SFAs Fund Type *	* 240 (Special Revenue)
o. Select of As I und Type	
	701 (Enterprise Fund)
	101 (Food Service in the General Fund)
	242 (Special Revenue)
	Other
Special Note Regarding Fund	d Types:
054	
·	ial Fund 240 and 242, as applicable. Due to COVID-19, some SFAs
	ements and utilized the Special Fund 242 for Seamless Summer od Service Program (SFSP). If so, then the SFA should select both
funds.	24 Service Frogram (SFSF). If So, then the SFA Should Select Both
Key Definition	

Net Cash Resources are all monies, as determined in accordance with the State Agency's established accounting system, that are available to or have accrued to a school food authority's non-profit school food service at any given time, less cash payable. Such monies may

include, but are not limited to, cash on hand, cash receivable, earnings on investments, cash on deposit and the value of stocks, bonds or other negotiable securities. (7 CFR 210.2)

Net cash resources do not include inventories (USDA Foods or other food inventories), equipment, or other non-cash resources.

The Net Cash Resources calculation is (Total Assets-(Inventories)-Total Liabilities).

PART 1 - ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Districts and charter schools will utilize their finalized audited financial report, specifically, the combined balance sheet to report the child nutrition funds assets and liabilities. The general ledger may also be used to report this information. This should correlate with their district financial report where the special fund is reported. This should be the same information and values submitted to Texas Education Agency (TEA). Please note, discrepancies between the district's financial report and the NSLP financial report should be commented and noted.

For all entries, do not use commas, dollar signs, negative (-) numbers, or any special characters. Decimal points are not considered special characters. If SFAs do not have any cash, receivables or inventories, enter zero.

7-a. Cash and Cash Equivalents *

ex: 23

Object Code 1100. Includes currency on hand and in demand deposits with banks or other financial institutions. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments (such as certificates of deposit or treasury bills) that can readily be converted to cash and are near their maturity.

7-b. Receivables *

ex: 23

Object Code 1200. Asset account reflecting amounts owed for goods and services, i.e., sale of goods, rendering of services.

7-c. Inventories *

ex: 23

Object Code 1300 Note: Inventories are not calculated, it is only used for reporting purposes. Auto populated calculations will not include inventories for Net Cash Resources.

8. Total Assets (Auto Populated)

ex: 23

This field will auto-populate. Total Assets include cash and cash equivalents, and receivables.

9. Total Liabilities *

ex: 23

Object Code 2XXX. Current Liabilities (Current Liabilities that are due now or expected to be due in one year) and Long Term Debts.

Comments:	Type here

SFAs must comment or explain any differences between the SFAs Annual Finance and Compliance Report (AFR) submitted to TEA and the NSLP Annual Financial Report. Note: If a SFA reports assets and liabilities in the special fund 240 to TEA, the same assets and liabilities must be reported in this report.

10. Total Net Cash Resources (Auto Populated) (Total Assets (minus inventories)-Total Liabilities)

ex: 23

PART 2 - REVENUES and EXPENDITURES

(Excludes USDA FOODS)

Beginning Fund Balance

Any **positive balance** remaining in the non-profit school food service account at the end of the school year must be carried over to the next school year as the beginning balance in the non-profit school food service account. **SFAs must supplement any negative fund balances with non-federal funds**. **The beginning fund balance should not reflect a negative amount**. **SFAs who supplemented with non-federal funds may have a zero balance or positive balance, SFAs should enter the balance here.**

For example, SFAs who ended the year with a positive or zero fund balance in 2022-2023 will record the balance here.

Beginning Fund Balance of the Reporting Year *

ex: 23

This amount must not indicate a negative fund balance.

11-a.	Proc	ıram R	Revenue

ex: 23

Object Code 5751.

11-b. Non-Program Revenue

ex: 23

Object Code 5751. Non-Program revenue types include profits from a la carte sales, cash donations, in-kind contributions from outside sources, such as volunteer services.

11-c. Interest Earned (If Applicable)

ex: 23

Object Code 5742

11-d. Other Revenue (if applicable)

ex.23

Enter amount of Other Revenue. This will only be used if the revenue was not already accounted for in the other object codes. This revenue should not be counted twice. You will include the name and codes below. This amount may be a total of all other revenue combined.

11 d i. Enter Name of Other Revenue

Enter name or description of revenue received as indicated in 11 d. Other Revenue. For example: Grants, Rebates, Miscellaneous Revenue. SFAs must name all revenue included in 11d and keep any supporting documentation.

11 d. ii Enter Object Code of Other Revenue

Enter object code of revenue received as indicated in 11 d. Other Revenue.

Reimbursement

All SFAs are required to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for federally funded programs as well as accounting and financial requirements that are specific to the non-profit food service revenue fund.

Note: In the entries below, SFAs must indicate the type and amount of additional funding received. This funding must be included in the NSLP Financial Report. The additional funding may include the following:

Child Nutrition Program Emergency Operational Costs (EOC)

NSLP Contracted Warehouse Private Storage and Delivery Fees, formerly known as USDA Foods Commodity Delivery Refund

NSLP Equipment Award Grant

Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Grant

These entries will not be duplicated. The entries in boxes a-e will not calculate, they are designed only to identify additional fundings. SFAs must include this funding as it assigned the account code in the SFAs general ledger and will include it in its total of that particular account.

For example, SFAs who received EOC of \$150.00 and assigned it to object code #5922, will add it to box a. Emergency Operational Costs and 11f i. National School Lunch Program. Again, entry into a. Emergency Operational Costs will only identify the funding and will not duplicate it. 11f i. will include the EOC funding as a total NSLP reimbursement.

	on regarding financial requirements in Section 16 of the (ARM) at www.squaremeals.org or Texas Education Agency's
a. Child Nutrition Program	
Emergency Operational Costs	Assistance Listing Number formerly Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance 10.555
b. NSLP Contracted	
Warehouse Private Storage and Delivery Fees, formerly USDA Foods Commodity Delivery Refund	Assistance Listing Number formerly Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance 10.560
o NSI D Equipment	
c. NSLP Equipment Assistance Grant	
	Assistance Listing Number formerly Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance 10.579
d. Supply Chain Assistance	
Grant	Assistance Listing Number formerly Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance 10.555

Utilizing your general ledger, the totals below must include all additional funding.

SFAs are responsible for determining the account code used for additional funding.

Reminder, identification of these amounts have already been stated above.

If SFAs do not have an object code that correlates with the funding below, they may use 11 d. Other Revenue. See above.

11-e. State Reimbursement

ex: 23

Object Code 5829. This may be include the state matching payment.

11-f-i.National School Lunch Program ex: 23

Object Code 5922/7953

11-f-ii. School Breakfast Program ex: 23

Object Code 5921/7952

11-f-iii. Summer Food Service Program

Object Code 5939. This is used to identify any transfer of funds from Special Fund 242.

11-f-vi. At-Risk CACFP			
	Object Code 5939.		
11-f-vii. Fresh Fruit and			
Vegetable Program (FFVP)	Object Code 59xx.		
11-f. Federal Reimbursement (Auto Populated)	ex: 23		
(Auto Populated)	This field will auto populate from i, ii, iii, and iv . See above.		
Revenues for Reporting Period	(Auto Populated)		
ex: 23			
This field will auto-populate from revenue	e in 11a, 11b, 11c.		
11d, 11e and 11f. See above.			

Expenditures

Below are the most common expenditures identified in the detailed general ledger of the non-profit food service revenue fund. However, there may be expenditures not identified specifically below. SFAs will utilize 15-f to 15-k to identify any other expenditures. All SFAs are required to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for federally funded programs as well as accounting and financial requirements that are specific to the non-profit food service revenue fund. All expenditures must be necessary, reasonable, allocable, and allowable.

SFAs may access more information regarding financial requirements in Section 16 of the Administrative Reference Manual (ARM) at www.squaremeals.org or Texas Education Agency's resource guide at www.tea.gov.

13-a. Program Food Cost

ex: 23

Object Code 6341

13-b. Non-Program Food Costs

ex: 23

Object Code 6341

13-c. Non-Food Costs

ex: 23

Object Code 6342. This is usually paper supplies such napkins, straws, etc.

13-d. General Supplies	ex: 23	
14. Please describe the method that the SFA used to Calculate Food Cost Ratio: *	Object Code 6399. This is usually supplies that are relatively low costs such as cooking utensils, and measuring cups. USDA Non-Program Food Revenue Tool 5 Day Reference None of the Above Other	
14-a. Food and Supplies (Auto Populate)	ex: 23 This field will auto populate from 13a, 13b, 13c, and 13d	
14-b Payroll Costs	ex: 23 Object Code 6100	
15. Please indicate if you utilize any of the following: *	 Food Service Consultant Vended Meals Food Service Management Company None of the Above 	
	ex: 23	

15-a. Professional and Contracted Services

Object Code 6210.

15-b. Capital Expenditures

ex: 23

Object Code 6639

15-c Utilities

ex: 23

Object Code 6259

15-d Indirect Cost Amount

ex: 23

If applicable, not all SFAs will charge indirect costs. This should be a dollar amount and not the indirect rate. This is the cost charged to the non-profit food service account.

15-e Enter Percent of Indirect Rate

ex: 23

If applicable, not all SFAs will charge indirect costs. This should be the approved percentage provided from TEA. SFAs determine which rate to use, restricted or unrestricted rate. Enter the rate as follows: 1.982 as it appears on indirect rate letter. Do not need to add the percentage % symbol.

15-f. Other, Amount

If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the dollar value.

15-g. Other, Name	
	If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the name of the other expense.
15-h. Other, Object Code	
	If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the object code.
15-i. Other, Amount	
	If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the dollar value.
15-j. Other, Name	
	If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the name of the other expense.
15-k Other, Object Code	
	If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the object code.
15-I. Other, Amount	

If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the dollar value.

15-m. Other, Name

If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the name of the other expense.

15-n Other, Object Code

If applicable. SFAs may have other expenses not identified in the above areas. If so, SFAs should state the object code.

Expenditures for Reporting Period (Auto Populated)

ex: 23

This field will auto-populate from 14a, 14b, 15a, 15b, 15c, 15d, and (15f and 15i as applicable).

End of Year Fund Balance

Any positive balance remaining in the non-profit school food service revenue fund account at the end of the school year must be carried over to the next school year as the beginning balance in the non-profit school food service account.

SFAs must not carry a negative fund balance at the end of the year. SFAs must supplement the non-profit school food service account.

Ending Fund Balance for Reporting Period (Auto Populated)

ex: 23

Beginning Fund Balance + Revenue - Expenditures = Ending Fund Balance. If the ending fund balance is negative, indicating a deficit, the SFA must ensure transfer of funds to the non-profit school food service account from a non-federal source.

Amount of General Revenue Supplemental Child Nutrition (If applicable)

ex: 23

*If a deficit exists the SFA must ensure transfer of funds to the non-profit school food service account from a non-federal source. Upload file below.

17 a. File Upload



Browse Files

Drag and drop files here

Upload a copy of the journal entry detailing the transfer of funds to the non-profit school fund service account from a non-federal source to obtain a \$0.00 starting balance. 10.6 MB maximum file.

18. Student Bad Debt: Have you reimbursed Child Nutrition for the Student Bad Debt Amount? If yes, enter amount below and attach a copy of the journal entry detailing the reimbursement to the non-profit school food service account from a non-federal source and the non-child nutrition source utilized for reimbursing the bad debt.

10 a Amount of Ctudent F	20d 0v. 22
18 a. Amount of Student E Debt (If Applicab	
18 b. File Uplo	Browse Files
	Drag and drop files here
	Upload a copy of the journal entry detailing the reimbursement to the non-pr school food service account from a non-federal source and the non-child nutrition source utilized for reimbursing the bad debt. 10.6 MB maximum file.
	your Child Nutrition Program have a current loan repayment
agreement with the district retroactively determine tha Nutrition Programs (SNP) d	f? If yes, attach a copy of the agreement. SFAs must not it funds transferred from the general fund to cover School leficits are a loan subject to repayment. For a liability to exist, between the SFA and SNP must be in effect at the time that the

19-a. File Upload



Browse Files

Drag and drop files here

Upload a copy of the current loan repayment agreement. 10.6 MB maximum file.

ĺ	I am	ready	to	work	on	Paid	Lunch	Equi	ty
ı	I GIII	ready	·	VVOIIX	011	i aia	Larion	-94	۰

PART 3 - PAID LUNCH EQUITY (PLE)

20. Did the SFA have a positive or zero balance in the non-profit school food serv	vice
account (NSFSA) on June 30, 2023?	

	١.	VO	Ė
1		103	

O No

20 a. Enter the amount of the non-profit food service account on June 30, 2023.

20 b. Did the SFA utilize the PLE exemption? (Exemption includes not raising paid lunches prices.) The SFA should consider this the approval from the State Agency.

___ Yes

O No

PART 4 - NET CASH RESOURCES PLAN

Federal regulations (7 CFR 210.19 (a) (1)) require state agencies to monitor the level of net cash resources in a non-profit food service account. These regulations specifically require the level of net cash resources not to exceed three months average expenditures, as reported in the non-profit food service account.

SFAs must provide a detailed current spending plan to reduce the resources in excess.

This plan could include improving the quality of meals or the purchase/replacement of food service equipment but is not limited to these items. The funds must be used for the support of the food service program pursuant to federal and state rules and regulations. All expenses must be necessary, reasonable, allocable and allowable.

Key Definitions:

Excessive Net Cash Resources is the unallowable amount of net cash resources remaining in the non-profit school food service account at the end of the fiscal year less liabilities which has ended. SFAs may not exceed three months of average monthly operating expenditures.

Net Cash Resources are all monies, as determined in accordance with the State agency's established accounting system, that are available to or have accrued to a school food authority's non-profit school food service at any given time, less cash payable. Such monies may include, but are not limited to, cash on hand, cash receivable, earnings on investments, cash on deposit and the value of stocks, bonds or other negotiable securities. (7 CFR 210.2)

Net cash resources do not include inventories (USDA Foods or other food inventories), equipment, or other non-cash resources.

Net Cash Resources calculation is (Total Assets-(Inventories)-Total Liabilities).

Operating Months are any months that the SFA performs operational tasks. This includes reasonable amounts of time to close down program operations at the end of the school year and time to set up program operations at the beginning of the year as well as each month for which claims were submitted, including summer months if operating the Seamless Summer Option (SSO).

Total Expenditures are reported at the end of the most recent fiscal year.

Six Month Average Operating Expenses is the average of six months operating expenses. This is used to determine if the SFA has an excess in net cash resources. In order for a SFA to maintain the non-profit status, the SFA cannot maintain more than six months operating expenses for their net cash resources.

21. Total Net Cash Resources (Auto Populate)

ex: 23

This will auto populate from question 10.

Note: Total Number of Operating Months

If a SFA operated an Seamless Summer Options (SSO) or Summer Feeding Service Program (SFSP) and the funds were transferred into the 240 account, the SFA should account for those operational months as well as NSLP operating months.

22. Total Number of Operating Months *

ex: 23

This is the total months of operation for the SFA. It may include summer months.

23. Total Expenditures (Auto Populate)

ex: 23

This will auto-populate. See Total Expenditure for Reporting Period.

24. Six Month Average Expenses (Auto-Populate)

ex: 23

This will auto-populate from Q. 23/ Q. 22 \times 6

25. Excess Net Cash Resource (Auto-Populate) ex: 23

This will auto-populate.

26. Description of allowable expenditure (s) proposed to decrease excess net cash resources. Note: Any capital expenditures require TDA approval. SFAs will submit a separate request in TX-UNPS.

Type here...

Detail the spending plan with desciption of those expenditure and estimated costs. SFAs may elect to upload any supporting documentation below.

SFAs may elect to upload documentation related to their net cash resource spending plan. SFAs who have an approved plan should upload here.



Browse Files

Drag and drop files here

SFAs may upload a file detailing the items the SFA will purchase and amounts and/or the other allowable expenditures. 10.6MB limit.

Completion date of excess net cash resource plan

MM-DD-YYYY

Completion date should not be more than a year. If more than a year is needed, please contact School.Operations@TexasAgriculture.gov for further guidance.

SFAs must complete their net cash resource plan within one year. If a SFA requires more than one school year, provide a detail explanation for consideration to extend completion time frame.

Type here...

Provide a short narrative of how the expenses benefit the School Nutrition Program and are compliant with financial regulations.

Type here...

Provide a short narrative of how the SFA will keep the Excess Net Cash Resources from reoccurring in the future. Type here...

TDA Approval of Net Cash Resource Plans

Upon review of the SFAs plan, SFAs will receive approval via email. Inquires regarding the status of their Net Cash Resource plans can be sent to school.operations@texasagriculture.gov.

PART 5 - ATTESTATION STATEMENT

27. Check each of the following statements as true. *	the User Access Manager li Authority for User Access N	Manager (FND-135) or a user User Access Manager prior to
	I confirm I am employed by submission. I am not an em Management Company (FS	ployee of a Food Service
	I certify that all information	provided is accurate and true.
	I certify that the SFA has re the information submitted in	tained documentation related to n this form.
Each party acknowledges and agreentered in the field below and sha shall have the same force and effect	II be considered as an original s	•
28. Name of Person Attesting		
to the Information on This Form *	First Name	Last Name

29. Title of Authorized Representative *	
30. SFA Phone Number *	(000) 000-0000 Please enter a valid phone number.
31. Name of Business Manager or Chief Financial Officer *	First Name Last Name
32. Email Address for Confirmation *	example@example.com
33. Alternative Email Address	example@example.com